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	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary	10/021,901	NORDNESS ET AL.		
	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Robert H Muromoto, Jr.	3765		
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the c ver sheet with	the c rrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RITHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory provided in the second period for reply will, by second period for reply will, by second period for reply will, by second patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply n. a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH statute, cause the application to become ABAN	be timely filed 0) days will be considered timely. S from the mailing date of this communic DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	13 December 2001 .			

	Frademark Office	,) r aper 140(3) <u>0-7</u> :		•	
2) 🔲 Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449			view Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) te of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Attachmen	nt(s)			,	
	Acknowledgment is made of a clair				
•	a) The translation of the foreign	•	•		•
			•	S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application)	١.
* 9	application from the Inte See the attached detailed Office ac				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	1. Certified copies of the prior	ity documents have	e been received		
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None o	f:			
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a cla	im for foreign prior	ity under 35 U.S	S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
12)	The oath or declaration is objected	I to by the Examine	er.		
	If approved, corrected drawings are	required in reply to t	this Office action.		
11)	The proposed drawing correction f	iled on is: a)□ approved b)	disapproved by the Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any	objection to the draw	ving(s) be held in a	abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/a	re: a)□ accepted o	r b) objected to	by the Examiner.	
9)[The specification is objected to by	the Examiner.			
•	ion Papers		,		
	Claim(s) are subject to res		tion requirement	t.	
	Claim(s) is/are objected to				
·	Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are rejected.				
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>23-48</u> is	• •	m consideration.		
· ·	Claim(s) 1-48 is/are pending in the	ne application.			
,—	closed in accordance with the pricion of Claims				
3)□		,—		I matters, prosecution as to the merits is	
2a)□	This action is FINAL .	niled on <u>13 Decent</u> 2b)⊠ This act	:		
Status 1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 Decem	nhar 2001		
- Any earn	ure to reply within the set or extended period for re reply received by the Office later than three mont led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b	hs after the mailing date of			
) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.	

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-22, drawn to a disposable garment free of absorbent material, classified in class 2, subclass 67.
- Claims 23-48, drawn to an absorbent garment, classified in class 604, subclass 385.13.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are distinct because Group I requires a garment free of absorbent material while Group II is an absorbent garment.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for Group II is not required for Group II, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

During a telephone conversation with Maxwell Peterson on July 18, 2003 a provisional election was made without traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 1-22. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this

Application/Control Number: 10/021,901 Page 3

Art Unit: 3765

Office action. Claims 23-48 have been withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 recites "a liquid-permeable non-woven material" and then goes on to recite "the garment being substantially free of absorbent and substantially free of liquid impermeable material". This is very confusing as claims 4, 5, and 7 recite that the liquid permeable material be "polypropylene", "polyethylene" or "nylon", respectively. All three of these have, however small, a degree of absorptive properties. It is not clear how the invention can contain liquid permeable material as well as be free of absorbent material.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

Application/Control Number: 10/021,901

Art Unit: 3765

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claims 1-11, and 17-22, to the extent that they are understood by the Examiner, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Cristoffel et al.

Cristoffel discloses a one-piece, disposable swimsuit in many different embodiments. The outer material of the suit or coverstock 50 can take many form as and materials and can be elastic or inelastic, stretchable or unstretchable (col. 11, line 1). The stretchable material may include woven (mesh); (claim 2) or nonwoven (claim 3) material (col. 11, line 47-49). The coverstock 50 of the suit can be a single layer of material or a multi-layered (claim 8) laminate structure. For instance, the coverstock 50 can include a liquid permeable outer layer and a liquid permeable inner layer that are suitably joined together by a laminate adhesive (col. 11, lines 51-55). The liquid permeable outer layer can be any suitable material and desirably one that provides a generally cloth-like texture. One example of such a material is a spunbond polypropylene (claim 4) nonwoven web having a basis weight (claims 9-11) of about 1-100 grams per square meter (col. 12, lines 1-4). Other examples of suitable materials include polyolefin (polyethylene) or other thermoplastic (nylon) nonwoven webs having basis weights in the same ranges, including spunbond webs, meltblown webs, and spunbond/meltblown/spunbond webs (col. 12, lines 7-12); (claims 5-7).

Application/Control Number: 10/021,901

Art Unit: 3765

Concerning the fastening means of the garment, the bodice 42 is attached to the chassis 22 about the waist region 24 (col. 5, lines 40-42). Leg elastics 56 can be attached to the chassis 22 about the leg openings 26 (claims 1 and 18-20) for enhanced fit and containment of waste (col. 5, lines 60-65). The coverstock 50 can have areas of differential stretch to improve fit. For example, desirable areas of greater stretch include the waist region 24. An embodiment shown in fig. 10 shows strips of elastic material 112 added around the waist (claim 17) to improve fit (col. 7, lines 29-35).

In still another embodiment of the swimsuit 20 shown in figure 18, the swimsuit can be made of primarily one piece of coverstock 50 with a neck opening 48 and two leg openings 26 cut within the coverstock 50. A refastenable fastening system 92, can be applied to the front region 44 of bodice 42 along the waist region 24, such that the bodice 42 and the chassis 22 can be releasably engaged to each other (col. 8, lines 20-32); (claims 21 and 22).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 12-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cristoffel et al.

Although Cristoffel teaches essentially all of the limitations of the instant invention Cristoffel does not teach the specific pore size or tensile strength of the mesh material.

Art Unit: 3765

However, with respect to the limitations of pore size and tensile strength, the specification contains no disclosure of either the critical nature of the claimed limitations nor any unexpected results arising therefrom, and that as such the limitations were arbitrary and therefore obvious. Such unsupported limitations cannot be a basis for patentability, since where patentability is said to be based upon particular dimensions or another variable in the claim, the applicant must show that the chosen variables are critical. *In re Woodruff*, 919 F.2d 1575, 1578, 16 USPQ2d 1934 (Fed. Cir. 1990). One having ordinary skill in the art would be able to determine through routine experimentation the ideal levels of pore size and tensile strength for a particular application.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Numerous references of disposable garments including nonwoven materials have been cited.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert H Muromoto, Jr. whose telephone number is 703-306-5503. The examiner can normally be reached on 8-530, M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Calvert can be reached on 703-305-1025. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9302 for regular communications and 703-872-9303 for After Final communications.

Application/Control Number: 10/021,901

Art Unit: 3765

Page 7

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0861.

bhm July 22, 2003

JOHN CALVERT
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700